



Strengthening links between European and national social dialogue



Presentation by ICF International

Porto Roundtable meeting

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Strengthening links between national and European Social Dialogue

- Information flow and priority setting should be bottom up, as well as top down
- New start for social dialogue statement of 27 June 2016 emphasises importance of capacity building at national level

'There is a direct correlation between the effectiveness of national social dialogue and effectiveness at European level' (European Commission, 2010)

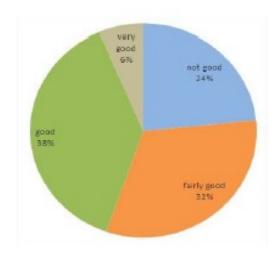
- Certain key European social dialogue instruments can only be implemented with strong national social partner action
- Must take account of diversity of IR structures

Ensuring a good communication within the ESSDE taking account the complexity and specificity of the sector

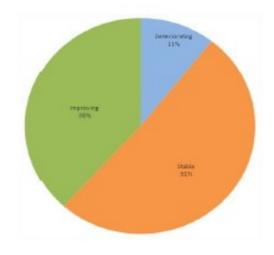
- Dealing with the diversity of the education sector
 - Education levels: Pre-Primary, Primary, Secondary, Vocational Education and Training,
 Higher Education and Research
 - Different professions
 - Specificity and multiplicity of education employers
- Variety of industrial relations structures at national level
- Factors influencing the effectiveness of links between the national and European level:
 - Awareness of ESSDE work topics
 - Buy-in and commitment
 - Capacity

Awareness of ESSDE

 Awareness appears to be relatively high among ETUCE affiliates and is considered to be stable or improving



Graph 19 - How would you assess the knowledge of the European Sectoral Social Dialogue within your trade union? (affiliates' survey)

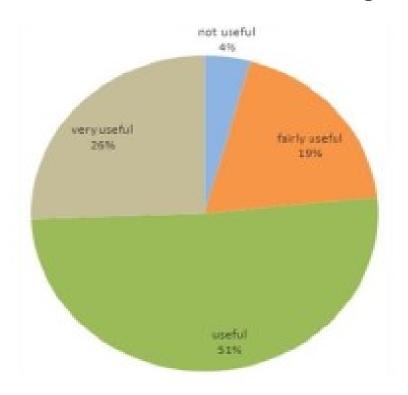


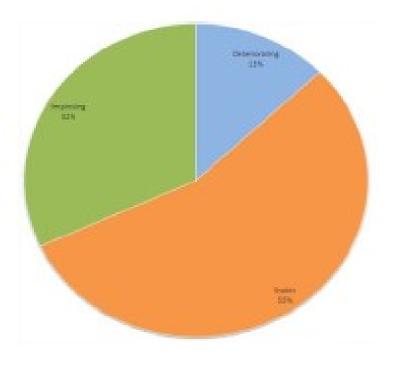
Graph 20 - In the last 2 years, this level of knowledge of the European social dialogue can be considered as... (affiliates' survey)

Source: ETUCE report: Promoting the potentials of the ESSDE by addressing new challenges and exploring experience and knowledge

Buy in: how useful is ESSDE considered to be?

 ETUCE survey shows that affiliates consider dialogue to be very useful or useful; with usefulness increasing or stable in last 2 years





Capacity in national social partner organisations

- ETUCE report shows that 75% of ETUCE affiliates have a person in charge of following European affairs (often this is shared with other tasks, e.g. international)
- No information about employers' organisations
- General experience is that capacity tends to be limited in many countries, further affected by the economic crisis
- Those with capacity influence dialogue most significantly
- Depends on buy-in and importance attached to the dialogue (reasons for memberships/supporting ESSDE), as well as organisational structures

Links to further resources

Resources for capacity building

http://resourcecentre.etuc.org/ESF-for-Capacity-Building-of-Social-Partners-126.html

http://ec.europa.eu/social/main.jsp?catId=329&langId=en

Improving links between the European and national level

• How high is level of awareness of ESSDE in Portugal?

- How are outcomes communicated?
- How regular is this communication?
- How well is it received?

Level of participation

- Do all relevant organisations regularly participate in ESSDE meetings/working groups/other European events?
- If not all/or always participating, why is this the case?

Organisation/capacity

- Are there dedicated officers dealing with EU issues?
- Is knowledge centralised (easily lost is one individuals leaves)?
- Are there regular meetings at national level to communicate information?
- Are there strategies for feeding national concerns to the EU level?

Thank you!

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